CLAIMS

What is claimed as the invention is:

- 1. Monoclonal antibody 1A7.
- 2. An antibody producing cell deposited under ATCC Accession No. HB-11786, and the progeny thereof.
- 3. An antibody producing cell having all the identifying characteristics of a cell according to claim 2.
- 4. A purified antibody having identifying characteristics identical to antibody produced by a cell according to claim 2.
- 5. A polynucleotide comprising a sequence encoding a polypeptide with immunological activity of monoclonal antibody 1A7, wherein the polypeptide comprises at least 5 consecutive amino acids from a variable region of monoclonal antibody 1A7.
- 6. A polynucleotide according to claim 5, wherein the variable region is from a light chain.
- 7. A polynucleotide according to claim 5, wherein the variable region is from a heavy chain.

- 8. The polynucleotide of claim 5, wherein the 5 consecutive amino acids is contained in SEQ. ID NO:2.
- 9. The polynucleotide of claim 5, wherein the 5 consecutive amino acids is contained in SEQ. ID NO:4.
- 10. The polynucleotide of claim 5, wherein the encoding sequence is contained in SEQ.

 ID NO:1.
- 11. The polynucleotide of claim 5, wherein the encoding sequence is contained in SEQ. ID NO:3.
- 12. An polynucleotide according to claim 5, wherein the polynucleotide encodes at least 5 consecutive amino acids of a/complementarity determining region (CDR).
- 13. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a region of at least 20 consecutive nucleotides that is capable of forming a stable duplex with a polynucleotide consisting of the light chain variable region encoding sequence of SEQ. ID NO:1 under conditions where the region does not form a stable hybrid with a polynucleotide consisting of a variable region encoding sequence of a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ. ID NOS:17-26.

- 14. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a region of at least 20 consecutive nucleotides that is capable of forming a stable duplex with a polynucleotide consisting of the heavy chain variable region encoding sequence of SEQ. ID NO:3 under conditions where the region does not form a stable hybrid with a polynucleotide consisting of a variable region encoding sequence of a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ. ID NOS:27-44.
- 15. A polynucleotide according to claim 5, wherein the polynucleotide is a cloning vector.
- 16. A polynucleotide according to claim 5, wherein the polynucleotide is an expression vector.
- 17. The expression vector of clair 16, wherein the expression vector is vaccinia.
- 18. A host cell comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 5.
- 19. A polypeptide having immunological activity of monoclonal antibody 1A7, wherein the polypeptide comprises at least 5 consecutive amino acids from a variable region of monoclonal antibody 1A7.
- 20: A polypeptide according to claim 19, wherein the variable region is from a light
- A polypeptide according to claim 19, wherein the variable region is from a heavy chain.

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- 22... The polypeptide of claim 19, wherein the 5 consecutive amino acids is contained in SEQ. ID NO:2.
- 23. The polypeptide of claim 19, wherein the 5 consecutive amino acids is contained in SEQ. ID NO:4.
- 24. A polypeptide of claim 19, wherein the 5 consecutive amino acids are from a complementarity determining region (CDR).
- 25. A fusion polypeptide comprising the polypeptide of claim 19.
- 26. The fusion polypeptide of claim/25, comprising at least 10 consecutive amino acids of SEQ. ID NO:2 and at least 10/consecutive amino acids of SEQ. ID NO:4.
- 27. The fusion polypeptide of claim 26, wherein the amino acids of SEQ. ID NO:2 and the amino acids of SEQ/ID NO:4 are joined by a linker polypeptide of 5 to 20 amino acids.
- 28. The fusion polypertide of claim 25, comprising a light chain variable region and a heavy chain variable region of monoclonal antibody 1A7.
- 29. The fusion polypeptide of claim 25, further comprising a cytokine.
- 30. The fusion polypeptide of claim 29, wherein the cytokine is GM-CSF.

- 31. The fusion polypeptide of claim 29, wherein the cytokine is IL-2.
- 32. The rusion polypeptide of claim 19 further comprising a heterologous immunoglobulin constant region.
- 33. A humanized antibody comprising the polypeptide of claim 19.
- 34. A polymeric 1A7 polypeptide comprising a plurality of the polypeptide of claim 19.
- 35. A pharmaceutical composition comprising monoclonal antibody 1A7 of claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.
- 36. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the polynucleotide of claim 5 and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.
- 37. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the polypeptide of claim 19 and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.
- 38. A vaccine comprising monoclonal antibody 1A7 of claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.
- 39. A vaccine comprising the polynucleotide of claim 5 and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.
- 40. A vaccine comprising the polypeptide of claim 19 and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

- 41. The vaccine of claim 38, comprising an adjuvant.
- 42. The vaccine of claim 39, wherein the polynucleotide is comprised in a viral expression vector.
- 43. The vaccine of claim 42 wherein the viral expression vector is vaccinia.
- 44. A method of eliciting an immune response in an individual, comprising administering to the individual an effective amount of the monoclonal antibody 1A7 of claim 1.
- 45. A method of eliciting an immune response in an individual, comprising administering to the individual an effective amount of the polynucleotide of claim 5.
- 46. A method of eliciting an immune response in an individual, comprising administering to the individual an effective amount of the polypeptide of claim 19.
- 47. A method of treating a GD2-associated disease in an individual, comprising administering to the individual an effective amount of the monoclonal antibody 1A7 of claim 1.
- 48. A method of treating a GD2-associated disease in an individual, comprising administering to the individual an effective amount of the polynucleotide of claim 5.
- 49. A method of treating a GD2-associated disease in an individual, comprising administering to the individual an effective amount of the polypeptide of claim 19.

- 50. The method of claim 47, wherein the GD2-associated disease is selected from the group consisting of melanoma, neuroblastoma, glioma, soft tissue sarcoma, and small cell carcinoma.
- 51. The method of claim 47, wherein the individual has a clinically detectable tumor.
- 52. The method of claim 47, which is a method for palliating the GD2-associated disease.
- 53. The method of claim 47, wherein a tumor that was previously detected in the individual has been treated and is clinically undetectable at the time of the administering of the monoclonal antibody 1A7.
- 54. The method of claim 47, which is a method of reducing the risk of recurrence of a clinically detectable tumor.
- 55. A method for detecting the presence of an anti-GD2 antibody bound to a tumor cell comprising contacting the tumor cell with monoclonal antibody 1A7 according to claim 1 under conditions that permit the monoclonal antibody 1A7 to bind to the anti-GD2 antibody, and detecting any monoclonal antibody 1A7 that has bound.
- 56. A kit for detection or quantitation of an anti-GD2 antibody in a sample, comprising monoclonal antibody 1A7 according to claim 1 in suitable packaging.
- 57. A kit for detection or quantitation of an anti-GD2 antibody in a sample, comprising the polypeptide of claim 19 in suitable packaging.

- 58. A kit for detection or quantitation of a polynucleotide with a 1A7 encoding sequence in a sample, comprising the isolated polynucleotide of claim 13 in suitable packaging.
- 59. A kit for detection or quantitation of a polynucleotide with a 1A7 encoding sequence in a sample, comprising the isolated polynucleotide of claim 14 in suitable packaging.
- 60. A method for detecting an anti-GD2 antibody in a sample, comprising the steps of:
 - a) contacting antibody in the sample with the polypeptide of claim 19 under conditions that permit the formation of a stable antibody-polypeptide complex; and
 - b) detecting any stable/complex formed in step a).
- 61. Anti-idiotype monoclonal antibody 1A7, having all the identifying characteristics of ATCC Accession No. HB-11786.